

#### POLICY OPTIONS AND CHALLENGES FOR DEVELOPING ASIA— PERSPECTIVES FROM THE IMF AND ASIA APRIL 19-20, 2007 TOKYO



# COMMENTS ON KOTARO ISHI "HOW SHOULD LOW INCOME RESOURCERICH COUNTRIES IN ASIA RESPOND TO RECENT COMMODITY PRICE BOOMS?"

Yuko Hashimoto Toyo University, Japan

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## Comments on Kotaro Ishi

"How Should Low Income Resource-Rich Countries in Asia Respond to Recent Commodity Price Booms?"

## Yuko Hashimoto

**Toyo University** 

"Policy Options and Challenges for Developing Asia—
Perspectives from the IMF and Asia"
By IMF-JBIC

Tokyo, April 19-20, 2007

## **General Comments**

- A very nice paper
  - Good summary of Asian resource-rich countries
  - Covers recent behavior of commodity prices, macroeconomics (GDP, Inflation, REER, TB, Fiscal, etc.)
- The paper is about the use of windfall gains from commodity price booms
  - Spend or save?
  - Fiscal policy
- Paper leaves you wanting more

## Summary

- Impact of Resource revenue on Macroeconomics
  - Improvement in the terms of trade (contrast to other no-resource Asian countries)
  - No significant upward pressure on nominal exchange rates or inflation
  - GDP growth, Invite FDI
- Fiscal situation
  - Resource revenue spending is less than 100%
  - But some countries begin expanding fiscal expenditure

## Summary (cont'd)

 Need to balance primary balance, very welldesigned institutions for revenue management, strong and prudent political commitment to get rid of the resource curse.

## Comment 1

## Debt sustainability

- Expanding fiscal expenditures (fig4.11) ⇔decreasing in external debt (fig 4.14)
- Shift from external debt to domestic debt?
- Resource revenue triggers the shift?
- If so, which (external vs domestic) is more favorable?

#### Foreign reserves

- Build-up of reserves vs improvement of fiscal positions
- Extreme case: large reserves with fiscal deficit vs Small reserves with fiscal surplus---(prevention of crisis, quasifiscal cost)
- Reserve management fund
- Differentiate large fiscal deficit (primary deficit) countries and low countries

## Comment 2

- Exchange rate regimes
- Impact on capital/financial market
- Capital liberalization
- Downside risk
  - Commodity price fall, external shocks